# **CONTENTS**

#### Yurkov A. S. On the Optical Transitions in Quantum Dots . . . . . 2

This paper describes theoretically optical transitions in quantum dots accompanied by annihilation or birth of an electron-hole pair for different orbital states in these pairs. It is shown that taking into account the finite wave length of optical radiation makes the probability of such optical transitions noticeable. The corresponding radiation can only be observed at an angle to the axis of symmetry of a quantum dot. A numerical comparison of probabilities of ss- and sp-transitions is presented for typical parameters of quantum dots.

## **Spitcin B. V.** Nanodiamond — Science and Practice . . . . . . . . 6

The questions of synthesis of diamond by a method of chemical transport reaction are considered.

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Topology of testing plate with high density of printed wiring for estimation electrical and physical parameters of thin film arrangement in multilevel commutation-conversion devices for multicrystal micromodules is developed. Manufacture process is offered and characteristics of multilevel structure on the base of metallization "vanadium—aluminum" with poliymide interlayer insulation are evaluated.

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The Raman spectra application in studies of the structural units ordering in the cation sublattice and the photorefractive properties of lithium niobate single crystals of dissimilar compositions, i. e. nominally pure ones with varying Li/Nb ratios and crystals alloyed with nonphotorefractive cations,  $Gd^{3+}$  and  $Y^{3+}$  is discussed. It is shown that at small,  $Gd^{3+}$  and  $Y^{3+}$  concentrations the photorefractive effect value is essentially controlled by the structural units ordering in the cation sublattice. It is found that the line intensity corresponding to bridge valent vibrations of oxygen atoms in NbO<sub>6</sub> octahedra is sensitive to the cation sublattice dipole ordering.

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Analysis is performed on dielectric permittivity of polymer-fer-roelectric composite using macroscopic models of composite of temperature interval including phase transition points of ferroelectric. It was found that Maxwerll—Garnette model best satisfied to experi-

mental results. Analysis of the model showed that dielectric properties of composite is determined by properties of polymer matrix which screens dielectric proprieties of ferroelectric inclusions.

It is shown, real crystals with phase transition the thermal conductivity coefficient  $k_{\alpha\beta}(T)$  may be present by correlation function current — current. The last one is described by the transport Bethe-Salpeter type equation and in self-correlated motion of phonons approximation the behavior of systems near  $T_c$  is described by the system of two renormalization group equations for the vertex U and the phonon frequencies  $\Omega$ . It is calculation of the values of critical indexes for the ferroelectric crystals. It is shown that this indexes are connected with the dynamical index of crystal.

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The constructive-technological variant of the monolithic polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell element is developed on the basis of macroporous silicon.

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On the basis of the analysis of development tendencies of integrated electronics, nano(micro)system engineering and techniques of ultra-dense surface mount, the challenge of creation of low-voltage ( $\sim\!0.5$  V) microcapacitors (the 01005 case with sizes 0,4 mm  $\times$  0,2 mm  $\times$  0,2 mm) with capacity density higher 10  $\mu F$  mm  $^{-3}$  for mid-frequencies (10 $^5-10^6$  Hz) applications is revealed. The experimental data on the developed innovative nanoionic supercapacitors (NSCs) with special design of the functional advanced superionic conductor (ASIC)/electronic conductor heterojunctions are presented. A further progress in the NSC development will allow create the capacitor storage devices with required high frequency — capacity and energy-power characteristics.

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In dictionary are given the terms and most widely used phrases and abbreviations of micro- and nanosystems and their fabrication.

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